

Structure Silicon monolithic integrated circuit

Product Name Cell Phone Camera, LCD Interface IC

Type BU1563GV

Feature Built-in JPEG Codec, VGA Camera Module Interface, and QCIF LCD controller interface

• Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage 1(IO)	VDDI01	-0.5~+3.5	٧
Supply voltage2 (IO)	VDDIO2	-0.5~+3.5	٧
Supply voltage3 (CORE)	VDD	-0.5~+2.2	٧
Power dissipation	PD	430*1, 970*2	mW
Input voltage 1	VIN1	-0.5~VDDIO1+0.5	٧
Input voltage2	VIN2	-0.5~VDDIO2+0.5	٧
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-30~+125	°C

^{*1} IC only. If exceeding 25°C, 4.3mW should be reduced at the rating 1°C.

- * Anti radiation design is not provided.
- * Operation is not guaranteed.

Operating conditions (Ta=-20°C~+85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX	Unit
Supply voltage 1(IO)	VDDIO1	1.70	1.80	3.00	٧
Supply voltage2 (IO)	VDDIO2	2.70	2.85	3.00	>
Supply voltage3 (CORE)	VDD	1.70	1.80	1.90	>
Input "H" voltage 1	VIH1	0.8*VDDIO	-	VDDIO+0.3	>
Input "L" voltage 1	VIL1	-0.3	-	0.2*VDDIO	>
Input "H" voltage 2	VIH2	0.85*VDDIO	-	VDDIO+0.3	٧
Input "L" voltage 2	VIL2	-0.3	-	0.15*VDDIO	٧
Input voltage range	VIN-VDDIO1,2	-0.3	-	VDDIO+0.3	V

^{*} Supply power in the order of VDD -> VDDIO1 -> VDDIO2.

Application example

ROHM cannot provide adequate confirmation of patents.

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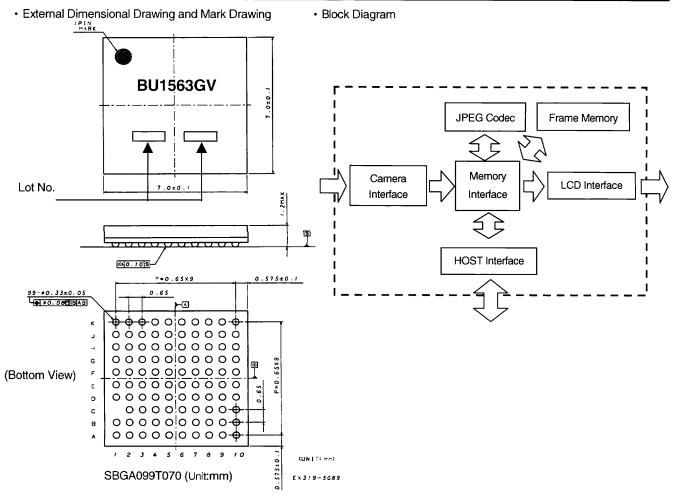
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^{*2} When packaging a glass epoxy board of 70*70*1.6mm. If exceeding 25°C, 9.7 mW should be reduced at the rating 1°C.



• Electric Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, VDD=1.80V, VDDIO=2.85V, GND=0.0V, Ta=25°C, F_{IN} =30.0MHz, and F_{SYS} =30.0MHz.)

Parameter	Symbol	Specification		Unit	Conditions		
- arameter	- Cynnbol	MIN	TYP	MAX]	Conditions	
Input frequency	F _{IN}	,	-	30.0	MHz	XIN	
Internal action frequency	F _{SYS}		-	30.0	MHz	Internal SCLK frequency	
SIF_SCK frequency	F _{SCK}	,		26.0	MHz	Serial clock at serial I/F	
Action consumption current	IDD	-	12.0	-	mA	At camera ON, LCD display ON In viewer operation	
Static consumption current	IDDst	-	-	50	uA	When suspend mode is set	
Input "H" current 1	IIH1	-10	-	10	uA	VIH=VDDIO	
Input "H" current 2	IIH2	25	50	100	uA	Pull-down pin, VIH=VDDIO	
Input "H" current 3	IIH3	-10		10	uA	Pull-up pin, VIH=VDDIO	
Input "L" current 1	IIL1	-10		10	uA	VIL=GND	
Input "L" current 2	IIL2	-10		10	uA	Pull-down pin, VIL=GND	
Input "L" current 3	IIL3	-100	-50	-25	uA	Pull-up pin, VIL=GND	
Input "H" voltage 1	VIH1	VDDIO *0.8	-	VDDIO +0.3	V	Normal input (including input mode of I/O pin)	
Input "L" voltage 1	VIL1	-0.3	-	VDDIO *0.2	V	Normal input (including input mode of I/O pin)	
Input "H" voltage 2	VIH2	VDDIO *0.85	-	VDDIO +0.3	V	Hysteresis input	
Input "L" voltage 2	VIL2	-0.3	-	VDDIO *0.15	V	Hysteresis input	
Hysteresis voltage width	Vhys	1	0.9	-	٧	Hysteresis input	
Output "H" voltage 1	VOH1	VDDIO -0.4	-	VDDIO	V	IOH1=-1.0mA(DC) (Including output mode of I/O pin)	
Output "L" voltage 1	VOL1	0.0	-	0.4	V	IOL1=1.0mA(DC) (Including output mode of I/O pin)	
Output "H" voltage 2	VOH2	VDDIO -0.4	-	VDDIO	V	IOH2=-1.0mA(DC), XOUT pin	
Output "L" voltage 2	VOL2	0.0		0.4	V	IOL2=1.0mA(DC), XOUT pin	



Rev. B



· Land No. and Pin Name

Land No.	Din Nama	Function	
K2	Pin Name	Function	
	A1/SIF_CD A2	HOST address	
J1 K8	CAMCKI	<u>-</u>	
K9	CAMCKO	ł	
H5	CAMD0	-	
G5	CAMD1	-	
F6	CAMD2	4	
<u>G6</u>	CAMD3	Camera I/F	
J6	CAMD4		
K6	CAMD5	-	
K7	CAMD6	-	
J7	CAMD7		
J5	CAMHS		
K5	CAMVS		
J3	CSB/SIF_CS1	HOST chip select	
H1	D0/SIF_WD		
G3	D1/SIF_RD		
G2	D2		
G1	D3		
F1	D4		
F2	D5]	
F3	D6		
F4	D7	HOST data bus	
E3	D8/EXGIO0	11001 data bus	
E2	D9/EXGIO1		
E1	D10/EXGIO2		
D1	D11/EXGIO3		
D2	D12/EXGIO4		
D3	D13/EXGIO5		
C2	D14/EXGIO6		
B1	D15/HOST_MODE		
H6	GIO2/KEY2	GPIO	
K4	INT	Interrupt	
F7	KEY0		
D5	KEY1	Key I/F	
E8	LCDA0		
F9	LCDCS1B		
F8	LCDCS2B]	
E10	LCDD0]	
D10	LCDD1	1	
D9	LCDD2	1	
C10	LCDD3	1	
C9	LCDD4	LCD I/F	
A9	LCDD5	1	
B8	LCDD6/SCL	1	
A8	LCDD7/SI	1	
A7	LCDD8	1	
A6	LCDD9	1	
B6	LCDD10		
C6	LCDD11		
			

Land No.	Pin Name	Function		
D6	LCDD12			
C5	LCDD13]		
B5	LCDD14	LCD I/F		
A5	LCDD15	7 600 1/5		
E7	LCDRDB			
E6	LCDWRB	1		
H10	LEDCNT/GIO1	LED control		
B4	PWM0/GIO0			
G8	PWM1/GIO3	DW/M output		
G9	PWM2/GIO4	- PWM output		
G10	PWM3/GIO5	1		
H4	RDB	HOST read		
A4	RESETB	Reset		
J10	SDA	Coriol I/E		
H9	SDC	Serial I/F		
C7	TEST	Test		
F10	VD/GIO6	VD out		
КЗ	WRB/SIF_SCK	HOST write		
B7	X16_8	Bus type select		
A2	XIN			
B3	XOUT	Oscillator		
B9				
F5	VDD	Core VDD		
J9				
B2				
C4	VDDIO1	IO1 VDD		
J2	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
E9		 		
H7	VDDIO2	IO2 VDD		
D4		 		
D7				
E4	GND	GND		
G4	GIND	3110		
G7				
A1				
A10				
A3				
B10				
C1				
C3		Non Connection		
C8				
D8				
	N.C.			
E5				
H2				
H3				
H8				
J4				
J8				
K1				
K10		<u> </u>		



· Cautions on use

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

An excess in the absolute maximum ratings, such as supply voltage, temperature range of operating conditions, etc., can break down devices, thus making impossible to identify breaking mode such as a short circuit or an open circuit. If any special mode exceeding the absolute maximum ratings is assumed, consideration should be given to take physical safety measures including the use of fuses, etc.

(2) Operating conditions

These conditions represent a range within which characteristics can be provided approximately as expected. The electrical characteristics are guaranteed under the conditions of each parameter.

(3) Reverse connection of power supply connector

The reverse connection of power supply connector can break down ICs. Take protective measures against the breakdown due to the reverse connection, such as mounting an external diode between the power supply and the IC's power supply terminal.

(4) Power supply line

Design PCB pattern to provide low impedance for the wiring between the power supply and the GND lines.

In this regard, for the digital block power supply and the analog block power supply, even though these power supplies has the same level of potential, separate the power supply pattern for the digital block from that for the analog block, thus suppressing the diffraction of digital noises to the analog block power supply resulting from impedance common to the wiring patterns. For the GND line, give consideration to design the patterns in a similar manner.

Furthermore, for all power supply terminals to ICs, mount a capacitor between the power supply and the GND terminal. At the same time, in order to use an electrolytic capacitor, thoroughly check to be sure the characteristics of the capacitor to be used present no problem including the occurrence of capacity dropout at a low temperature, thus determining the constant.

(5) GND voltage

Make setting of the potential of the GND terminal so that it will be maintained at the minimum in any operating state. Furthermore, check to be sure no terminals are at a potential lower than the GND voltage including an actual electric transient.

(6) Short circuit between terminals and erroneous mounting

In order to mount ICs on a set PCB, pay thorough attention to the direction and offset of the ICs. Erroneous mounting can break down the ICs. Furthermore, if a short circuit occurs due to foreign matters entering between terminals or between the terminal and the power supply or the GND terminal, the ICs can break down.

(7) Operation in strong electromagnetic field

Be noted that using ICs in the strong electromagnetic field can malfunction them.

(8) Inspection with set PCB

On the inspection with the set PCB, if a capacitor is connected to a low-impedance IC terminal, the IC can suffer stress. Therefore, be sure to discharge from the set PCB by each process. Furthermore, in order to mount or dismount the set PCB to/from the jig for the inspection process, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then mount the set PCB to the jig. After the completion of the inspection, be sure to turn OFF the power supply and then dismount it from the jig. In addition, for protection against static electricity, establish a ground for the assembly process and pay thorough attention to the transportation and the storage of the set PCB.

(9) Input terminals

In terms of the construction of IC, parasitic elements are inevitably formed in relation to potential. The operation of the parasitic element can cause interference with circuit operation, thus resulting in a malfunction and then breakdown of the input terminal. Therefore, pay thorough attention not to handle the input terminals, such as to apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the GND respectively, so that any parasitic element will operate. Furthermore, do not apply a voltage to the input terminals when no power supply voltage is applied to the IC. In addition, even if the power supply voltage is applied, apply to the input terminals a voltage lower than the power supply voltage or within the guaranteed value of electrical characteristics.

(10) Ground wiring pattern

If small-signal GND and large-current GND are provided, It will be recommended to separate the large-current GND pattern from the small-signal GND pattern and establish a single ground at the reference point of the set PCB so that resistance to the wiring pattern and voltage fluctuations due to a large current will cause no fluctuations in voltages of the small-signal GND. Pay attention not to cause fluctuations in the GND wiring pattern of external parts as well.

(11) External capacitor

In order to use a ceramic capacitor as the external capacitor, determine the constant with consideration given to a degradation in the nominal capacitance due to DC bias and changes in the capacitance due to temperature, etc.

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